INDUSTRIA W()RKE

An injury to one is an injury to all

WASHINGTON

Our motto: One union, one label, one enemy

VOL. I

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1909

No. 4

THE RISING TIDE OF THE REVOLUTION

at of working people all over the people all over the work and especially wherever the Industrial Union is organized. Every one know that a widespread uprising of the workers can no longer be ignored by the get of the employing class, though the workers' side is never printed or at best misrepresented. But when the Industrial Union becomes such a power as to shake the class rule of the employers, it is referred to as "dangerous," "lawless" and generally had. Dangerous, it certainly is from the employers' standpoint, led not lawless from the workers side. If France especially, the lines between the two classes of speciety are becoming more clearly drawn and more plainly so years that the minum in France had field of the people were bowniling the fact that the minum in France had field of the people were bowniling the fact that the minum in France had field of the people service and the telegraph; that his iness had been damaged to the cleant of millions of dollars; that France was almost cut off from communication the outside world; that the government was threatened, etc.

The Employers Are Scared.

The Employers Are Scared.

When the efficials of one of the most powerful and richest nations of the globe are forced to back down before a labor taion; and to pardon the strikers, it gives as a glimpse of the resistless power of working class union on the industrial fold. France has ever been the hotbed of iocontrion but the previous uphenvals in hat hand have been either stringgles orwien the capitalists and the nobility;

detwen the capitalists and the nobility between the warring groups of capitalists, either at home or abroad, or revolts of the workers such as that of 1848 or the tragedy of the Paris Commune. These revolts of the workers were put down under the iron heel of military power.

These changes of the form of the government: From a kingdom to a republic to an empire; to a kingdom again and after change and change to a republic, have taught the workers the everlasting lesson that as long as the happing or ruling class is in power, it hatters little, in itself, what the outward forms or name of the government is. One formsor name of the government is. One if the first acts of the revolutionary conwantion in the 18th century was to pass has to prevent unions of workingmen to that for better conditions. Men had yet to learn that the glittering words, Liberty, Fraternity, Equality, meant nothing without economic or industrial power.

Instructive Experience.

For a century the workers of France erg mostly carried away with the deluon of political liberty and equality, well colled by Ponget, "that great houx," and officed by Ponget, 'that great hour,' and it remained till the teaching and the drill of the workers forged them to rely on themselves and not on' politicians and theorists. Instead of the street lights: the barriendes; the attempts of the Worker to tight on the military plan, we have as the outcome of awful experience, the Industrial Halon known in Franch as the Industrial Union, known in French as the Confederation Generale dn Travail or temeral Union of Lahor. As always, the employers of France like those of America bave tried to suppress the union by using this soldiers. This move of the employers, to often so effective in America against sparated unions and small groups of workingmen, is rapidly becoming powerbes as against a general union—a union which can cripple the transport of troops, cut off military supplies; stop communi-

production The Ruling Class No Better, But Helpless

We can not suppose that the same class even the same men-who mowed down the workers, men, women and children by the thousands in 1871 have become sud dealy kinder and more tender hearted Not they! Gladly, would stey destroy the conditions would permit. But aside from the strength and invention of the industrial Union itself, the teaching of the anti-militarist truths has made even the army an insteady prop for the shaking class rule of the French capitalists. So longer is it possible to butcher workers by wholesale at the worl of commend of the commend The soldiers nre themselves and are remembering the fact though clothed in the livery of war.

an Inspiring Example.

The French moven, nt is in a state of

(Continued on Page Four)



We've Got No Friend Like The Politician No, Not One! -No, Not One!

Lumberjacks, River Drivers and Sawmill Workers

Those of you who are not organized now, do so before the 10th/of April, as the following Wage Scale has been submitted to the Flathead Lumber Association by the Lumberjacks and River Drivers, and an answer is asked for by April 10th. If the answer is not satisfactory to the Workers in the Lymber Industry of Flathead Valley, you will be notified by more potices immediately after the 10th of April, and you are expected to act.

RIVER DRIVERS

\$3.50 for 10 Hours All River Drivers, except Boatmen 50c an hour for overtime \$4 for 10 Hours, 50c an hour overtime Boatmen oks \$5 per Day, no question as to hours
Contractors to pay the Scale for River Drivers while breaking roll-ways.

LOGGING CAMPS

The following Scale to be for a 10-Mour Work Day:	
1-Horse Teamsters #55,00 2-Horse Teamsters #55,00 Loaders and Deckers 55,00 Sawyers and Chain Tender 50,00 Saw Filers in Woods 55,00 Blacksmith, Calendar Month 80,00 SAW	Wood Butchers, Handy Men. 865.08 Sealer 55.00 Camp Tender, Calendar Month 55.00 Landing Men 45.00 Common Labor 50.00 Cooks 90.00 MILLS

.\$2.50 for 10 Hours

FELLOW WORKERS:

Your interests are not the interests of those who live for profits alone. If you wish better conditions, you will have to assist in getting them. Don't be a traitor to your own rlass. Prices are going up every day and wages are going down. Organize right. Organize your might. Organize to win.

THIS IS THE UNION SCALE. Keep tais for future reference.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, LOCAL 421, I. W. W.

Kalispell, April 3rd, 1909

Common Labor

Do not recognize any reports, unless signed by Executive Committee and bearing seal of Local 421.

ALL GRAFTERS LOOK

to put in a new man for mayor. All working people should understand where the L. W. W. stands as to these different political parties. No man is forced to support any political party or any church as far as the f. W. W. is concerned. We, hold that the working class has nothing in common with the employing class. The employing class has nothing in comploying class make my and run the city. ploying class make up and run, the city government of Spokane us elsewhere. For those who have property and there-fore legal rights, it may seem worth while to ask which particular bunch of grafters

any political party—they all claim to be friendly to workingmen—but the I. W. depends on having such a strong class.

W. depends on having such a strong class.

The best part of the whole skit, was of the government, and then what difference will it make what the name of the official or officials may be. As for "voting," let's get able to elect our own boss and our own job, and our own pay, and the pork chois.

our own hours and then voting will mean

This teaches us that the law is a farce.

The Spokane no-free-speech law is to keep the sidewalks clear! Joke! There is always a crowd of scissor-bills in front

PORTLAND "REDS" CAN NOW TALK AGAIN

The I. W. W. in Pertland was continually waging war against the employment sharks and on the instigation of the latter our organizer was lailed before the knu-garoo court on the charge of refusing to move off the street while denouncing the frandulent and criminal practices of the employment sharks selling fletitions jobs to workingmen and beating them out of their money. The trial Insted half a day, in the course of which it came out that the police had no authority to put our speaker in jail, and that the city ordinance on the statute books prohibiting public assem-blage is unconstitutional, the judge him-self admitting this to be a fact.

Law Is a Joke.

But there is no instice for workingmen and our organizer was fined \$2. As it costs money to have such a case appealed to a higher court, the L. W. W. chose to drop the case for the present, and when having large street meetings appoints a few mem-bers to keep the sidewalks clear. The agi-tation against the employment sharks was also taken up by the Daily News and La-bor Press, and the employment sharks. having been shown up to be crooks, many of them were fined and one sent to the penitentiary. The city council, not will-ing to revoke their licenses, for the reason that they are a good source of receme to the city, opened up a municipal Free Em-ployment Office, where a wage-slave may occasjonally get a short job free of charge.

Portland Crowded.

Hundreds of men are flocking into this city from California. There are few jobs, the scale of wages ranging from \$1.75 to \$2.25 for common labor for a 10-hour day.
At the new Swift packing plant being creeted four-miles out of tour, carpenters' wages were cut from \$2.50 and board and nine hours to \$3, no board and 10 hours THE SAME TO US

The same to use to same to the same a subject, but it is a fact that there will be an election in Spokane soon to pit in a new man for mayor. All works to \$3, no board and 10 hours being a day's work. Laborers are getting, 20 cents an hour, farm hands are getting, from \$20 to \$25 a month, land clearing is gaid at 20 cents an hour, concrete ment, \$2. for nine hours in the city. Outside work of railronds is mostly monopolized by the employment sharks.

ADOLPH REBNER.

IT IS TO LAUGH! WHAT?

Judge Kemian tried J. H. Walsh in the Superior Court on Tuesday, April 6, and made short work of it. The whole show for legal rights, it may seem worth while to ask which particular bunch of grafters will get control of the city hall—which police judge shall collect the fines from the red light district; who shall collect and steal the city money; how high the taxes are, etc., but what has this to do with workingmen—who have nothing?

Prices will be just as high; work will be as scarce and as hard; the police will be just as brutal; the employment sharks will rob just as many men and the I. W. W. will be persecuted all the same whoever is in the city hall. And what difference would it make what political party a man might belong to, if the Union was strong enough to force the city officials to do as the union wanted? Of course all politicians are honest but it would cut no figure whether they were or not. They are forced at present to act on the side of those who have the industrial power—in Spokane the Washington Water Power Co., etc. The I. W. W. does not support any political party—they all claim to be friendly to workingmen—but the I. W. high the control of the party—they all claim to be friendly to workingmen—but the I. W. high the collect into his sent without hand hade short work of it. The whole show with an hand as how took less than an hour. 'Kennan yas able to get up into his sent without help and seemed to know all that was going an around him. The prosecuting attorment has star of the 'steenth magnitude. He knew enough to say "I 'bjeck' every few minutes and would have model to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and would have model to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and would have model to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes and the to say "I' bjeck' every few minutes a

The best part of the whole skit, was

something for us besides grafters and hot Get organized and then there will be less monkey work of this kind, Cut off the judge's ham and eggs and he will "review" his decision—and not before.

TOO RADICAL.

of the employment offices which take up the sidewalk. Consistency, thou art a sidewalk. Consistency, thou art a sidewalk. Consistency, thou art a sidewalk. It is being talked by some of the law-abiding A. F. of L. divisions that the L. W. W. is too radical for their "principles." No doubt portenouse steak is also too radical for their stomacha. They the name of the Mayor is? All politicians are good. Anyhow, maybe:

INDUSTRIAL WORKER

REAR 412-420 FRONT AVE.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THE Spokane Local Unions of the Industrial Workers of the World JAMES WILSON Edito TELEPHONE MAIN 1566

. \$1.00

.021/2

.50

Subscription, Yearly Subscription, Six Month Bund's Orders, 100 or More Per Copy

To Our Friends: We are in need of items of news for workers from all points. In writing for the Industrial Worker, articles should not contain over one thousand words at most. Write in PLAIN, SHORT WORDS—the every-day language of us workers—and we

Always send in a bunch of subscriptions if possible.

The sun will soon shine on both sides of the fence. Have you got the wrinkles out yet?

An injury to one is an injury to all. What concerns the petate pealer concerns the cook.

You can't quit the class struggle, unless you die. Why not struggle to some purpose?

The aristocrats are "blue-blooded." The workers are all redblooded and they are learning the fact.

The poor have no right to the property of the employers! Then employers have no right to the labor of the poor!

Did you ever see a man get rich working for wages? Do you expect to do it? How much of a start have you got?

You have a vote in the Union no matter what your color, age, sex or ruce; and we are all one nation and have one flag-the Red

The success of the Industrial Union in France is making even e of the home guards sit up and look. But the French are fereigners) Thirteen and one-half cents per hour for "white" section hands the Great Northern beginning April 3. Prosperity! It's a shame

to take the money. If the employers ever say there is anything good about the I. W. W. report it to the nearest union and they will see that the

insult is investigated. Another friend of labor, a politician, believes in plenty of good, fresh water! Well, we won't die of thirst then, next winter—even if we do get hungry!

All this anti-Japane e talk comes from the employing class. Which is better: to have the Japanese in the Union with you, or to force him to scab on the outside?

May Day is labor day for the Red unions, everywhere. The bosses don't like the idea. It means real Springtime for you, work-ing man—when you are organized!

Jim Kramer or the first Baptist Church preached last Sunday on, "Is there a Hell?" Not for preachers, Jim. The devil will put them to work in a railread grading camp.

The people's flag is the only one not stained with the blood of workers murdering workers. It has never waved over slavery nor been praised by the lips of the masters.

Just why don't you join the I. W. W.? Are you afraid of your boss? But then, you have all you need! If you ever get anything, you will have to fight for it. Brace up!

Don't let anybody foot you into thinking that you must first organize all the workers before you can begin anything. Two men together are better than one alone—even to make a "mulligan."

The "aliens" and foreigners are good enough to spend their money in Spokane and support the rich thieves, but not good enough to work on city work! The employers are the only foreigners. Get

The employment agents are the slave traders for the bosses. They can be put out of business if you will help. They hate the I. W. W. so it must be a good thing for the workingmen. Think

Don't be led by preachers and teachers. Think for yourself and then do something to help yourself. You have tried to better yourself alone. Why not join the Union? You have nothing to lose—

"A fair day's work, for a fair day's pay" means all the work a gunnysack contractor can squeeze out of your hide, and just as little pay as an unorganized and hungry worker will take. Is this right-for you?

"The memory of the just is blessed; but the name of the wicked shall rot." The memory of Geo. A. l'ettibone is a blessing and will be an inspiration to Union men, long after McParland and Gooding and Orehard have vanished, loaded with the execution of decent humanity.

The various grafters and labor skinners who are throwing mud and scrapping about the jobs in the city hall, have even gone so far as to say that there are dives and houses of ill-fame within a block of the police station; when everybody knows that there is nothing of the kind in town-not since Billy Sunday was here, anyway.

Eggs will be contributed by the kind-hearted ranchers. The bulls will act ab ushers for the "slum proletariat." The following musical numbers will be rendered: "Hallclujah, I'm a Bum" (by Mozart): Easter will be delebrated with open-air services in the jungles. and Waiting" (for a train), etc., etc. A large attendance is assured.

W. L. Kimmel was arrested April 2, for having no bell on his bieyele. He kicked on having to walk along the street with a policeman. Justice Mann fined him \$1.00 and costs. In passing sentence Mann said that "an American citizen should be proud to be seen with an officer of the law." If this remark of Mann's had been made by an ordinary cheap pettifogger or a grafting peanut lawyer, or ever if such would-be legal lights as Blackstone, or Taney or Chief or Taney or Chief ever it such would-be legal lights as Blacktone, or Taney or Chief Justice Marshall had said this about the police, there might be some of the kickers and anarchists who would have sniffed at it. But coming from such a source—the police judge of Spokane—certainly no one will be found bold enough to dispute hereafter that it is an honer to be "pulled," even by Officer Shannon! This will account

for the chesty look of the I. W. W. men who were seen going, along the street with the officers—and going fast, too! And now will you be good, you agitators? How any man can go along the street with a police officer and not swell up with pride like a poisoned pup is a wonder! See the chain-gang! Their heads will be high and their step kingly as they proudly march, along in company with an officer.

THE WESTERN FEDERATION OF MINERS

The W. F. M. has heretofore been the most notable example of The W. F. Al. has nerectore been the most notable example of an Industrial Union in America. Every one in the mine, mill or smelter organized in the W. F. of M. belongs to one industrial union. When one strikes, they all strike. This is why the mine companies love (†) the Western Federation so much—almost to death in fact.

When one strikes, they all strike. This is why the mine companies love (†) the Western Federation so much—almost to death in fact. The fact that permanent success is not possible unless the other industries are likewise organized, has given rise to various attempts to organize the outside workers so that all may fight together against the common enemy. These attempts have, of course, been bitterly opposed by the employing class and no expense and effort has been withheld to put a stop to the spread of Industrial Union ideas.

The Western Federation was a part of the I. W. W. when the I. W. W. was first organized. It was the mining department of the I. W. W., though strictly speaking, it was more properly a National Industrial Union. All the mining industry together would make up the "Mining Department." A number of causes led to the withdrawal of the W. F. of M. from the I. W. W. Personal squabbles, political differences, corruption, etc. The Western Federation pays at present no per capita dues into the I. W. W. But the advanced thinkers, active men, in the W. F. of M., see the need of ninky. The cards of the W. F. of M. are transferable into the I. W. W. and almost without exception, the W. F. of M. receives the I. W. W. card in place of initiation fee. There is a struggle on in the W. F. of M. between the "conservative" wing and those who are ready for the full program of Industrial Union. It is more than likely that the near future will see the W. F. of M. again a part of the I. W. W.—now that the I. W. W. has freed itself from a clique of scheming politicians. There is no good reason from the workingman's point of view why, this should not be It is to be striven for by all men in now that the I. W. W. has freed itself from a cinque of scheming politicians. There is no good reason from the workingman's point of view why this should not be. It is to be striven for by all men in the I. W. W. and W. F. of M. who are true to the principles of their union. Where would the W. F. of M. have been if the miners had been foolish enough to split up into an engineers' union, a miners't union, a smelterman's union, a timberman's union, etc., as the bosses would have liked for them to do? A labor union must advance in the contract of the cont or go back. What path of advance is possible, except the path toward unity of all working people where they work? Let personalities die out and let us all learn from our mistakes—then victory! We have out and let us all learn from our mistakes—then victory! We have learned by bitter experience, that it has been the employers who have sown dissension in our ranks. The misunderstandings in Goldfield, in Nevada and elsewhere have taught us this.

It is refreshing to see that the miners of the Western Federation are, in many places, using their energy and influence to reinstate the Western Federation are. It is where it belongs—in the Industrial Workers of the Westell

W. F. World

A CHEERING SPRING SONG

The delights of Spring: the song of the birds, the sunshine, etc etc., will be made greater than ever along the line of the Great Northern R. R. The following is the general order given out by the R. R. Co.: "On April 1st and hereafter until further notice the fol-

Italians, Greeks, Austrians, Bulgarians and Turks.

The above are maximum rates and no increase will be permitted except by permission from this office. No one connected with this Co. will be authorized to allow extra time not worked in order to increase rates of pay nor will the allowance of constructive overtime be permitted under any circumstances. Only straight overtime will be allowed and only when actually worked. This applies to section games, extra gangs, B. and B. gangs or any other men under the charge of the maintenance of way department.

charge of the maintenance of way department.

The above rates of pay have been agreed upon by the Great Northern. Northern Pacific, Soo Line, Chicago Great Western, Milwankee, Omaha and M. & St. P. Railways."

So the Italians, Austrians, etc., are not "white!" Let the bosom of the noble American white man swell with pride! On the section he will get one-half cent more per hour than the "foreigners." What is thing it is to be an American! When the workers get 'tired of these structure ways, they will opening and there will be no danced. these survation wages, they will organize and there will be no danger of the engineer or fireman, or the brakeman and conductor scabbing on them. There are not enough of the men in other departments to fill the places of the common laborers. The common laborers have the situation in their own hands, if they did but know it. How long the situation in their own hands, if they did but know it. How long could the Great Northern or Northern Pacific run its trains, in Spring-time especially, if it were not for the jerries on the section. And now we see the evil of the employment agencies. Do away with them and get a bunch of I. W. W. men on an extra gang or along the section and Jim Hill will have to cough up. This can be done, and will be done. We made the company pay \$4.50 per day for eight hours on the section in Nevada where the boys were all in one union.

The I. W. W. means high wages and short hours. No wonder the bosses don't like it! And now Mr. Thouas Waloney District Sens.

bosses don't like it! And now, Mr. Thomas Maloney, District Separator of the A. F. of L., will you go out and organize the section men to get more than \$1.30!\(\frac{1}{2}\) per day?

"THE SOCIAL EVIL"

Workingmen, and especially the transient laborers, men who follow railroad and logging work and camp jobs, are often accused of being dissolute and drunken. How often we are told by the wise and good, that if the lumber-jack would not dissipate, when he gets back to town, he might be well off, and that the saloon and lirothed are to answer for the so-called "social evil," Is this really so! Is the immber-jack worse than others, or is the railroad laborer bad by mature. By no many! The fact in that the kinch and the following the salour than the salour laborer and by many that the fact is the table kinch and the salour laborer and by nature! By no means! The fact is, that the bread-and-butter conditions of life; the surroundings of the laboring man away from town are mostly to blame. Do these preachers and hypocrites experience are meany to make. To these presents and hypocentes experience the life and the misery of—the average grading camp, or logging camp, that they are able to lay down the law and say "holier than thon" to the man whose daily work supports the parasites of the towns in the Northwest? The wonder is not that "immorality" mmong workingmen is so common; the wonder is that we are not ak bad as the preachers themselves. Marriage and a family life is the among workingmen is so common; the wonder is that we are not at bad as the preachers themselves. Marriage and a family life is the natural state of man. The South Sea Islander leads a fuller and more natural life than the men who work in the pens of the railroad contractors and logging companies. Cut off from all pleasures, herded together like eattle; without the first decencies of life, worked long hours and poorly fed on half-cooked and inferior food; no wonder that there is a reaction when once the man recover for a few decention. hours and poorly red on hair-cooked and interior rood; no wonder that there is a reaction when once the man escapes for a few days and goes to town. Once in town what is there to attract the stranger, if he is a workingman? Will he he inxited into the house of the "respectable"—will he, as a rule, have a chance to mingle with any but casual acquaintances, least of all women? The preachers and grafters may how! their abuse and reel off good advice by the yard but nature will have her way, and represend too far these is sure but nature will have her way, and repressed too far, there is sure to be a reaction, and in the opposite direction. The negro slaves on the average plantation had their cabins and their homes, such as they were, and they changed wives no oftener than the modern divorce maniacs. On the whole the negro slave had the best f it. Then, too,

we are advised to marry and settle down! This is a joke. Perhaps we are advised to marry and settle down! This is a joke. Perhaps the laborer, who has difficulty making a living for himself, has too much manhood to be willing to half starve a wife and children. What hope has the workingman today to have a home; to support a wife and family; to live in comfort on, say \$1.30 per day on the Great Northern section? The "social evil" is caused by the luxury of the rich and the poverty of the poor. Settle the bread and butter question and men will live like men. Why not? The only thing then, worth living for, is to fight the employing class and improve our condition materially; the rest will settle itself. Organization then, is the first duty of the working man to himself and to society. Let the rich do some useful work and the workers have a chance to live decently and naturally, and the working girls get enough to support them, and

some useful work and the workers have a name to the decently and naturally, and the working girls get enough to support them, and where will be the house of prostitution—and the "taxes" paid by its "Godless" workingmen, indeed! Compare the respect given to women by a group of workingmen on Stevens St.—the slave quanter—with the insulting remarks passed by the well-dressed loafers with hang out along Riverside Avenue. The "inorality" of Spokane, as elsewhere, is mostly confined to the working class.

READ THE INDUSTRIAL WORKER

The "Industrial Worker" is meeting with a hearty reception from the working people, and we have begun to get subscriptions from all parts of the country and Canada, as well as bundle orders. This is the only paper published in this part of the country which stands for One Union—a Revolutionary Union—for everybody who works for wages and allows no one else but a wage-worker to join.

with the help of the workingmen, we expect to have a larger and better paper in the near future, and inlend to have the practical news about different emps and jobs, so that a working man will not have to apply to employment sharks, but will know how conditions are without having to waste time on wild-goose chases. No pains will be spared to make the paper of use and value to workingmen.

The final end and aim, the Revolution, will be kept always in plain

The final end and aim, the Revolution, will be kept always in plain view. No compromise and no retreat!

May Day is our Labor Day, and we will have an extra large edition printed in colors, which should be read by every working man. Those interested in a fearless, labor press, should do all possible to help circulate this May Day Number of the Industrial Worker. In view of the suppression of free speech here and elsewhere, it behooves us to have a paper which will tell you what we are not allowed to talk on the streets. The Industrial Worker is printed by the Spokane local Industrial Unions of the I. W. W. So far it is a great expense, and we only hope to make both ends meet and to keep the paper talking—not as a business proposition. We don't claim to know it all, we are a bunch of plain workingmen who know what we want and are not afraid to tell it—and go after it. It is up what we want and are not afraid to tell it—and go after it. It is up to you to support the paper with subscriptions, news items and sug-

How many of the Red Flag May Day Edition will you order?

The General Headquarters of the I. W. W. is at 310 Bush Temple, Chicago, Ill., Vincent So. John is the General Secretary-Treasurer, and Wm. E. Trautmann is the Assistant Secretary and General Organizer of the Union. The General Executive Board of the I. W. W.

Organizer of the Union. The General Executive Board of the I. W. W. consists now of five members, as follows:

T. J. Cole, 609 Anne St., Blue Island, Ill.,

J. J. Ettor, 212 Spruce St., Scranton, Fa.,

H. L. Gaines, 4368 Garfield Ave., St. Lonis, Mo.,

Francis Miller, 12 Rosemont Terrace, Lymanusville, R. I.,

Thos. Whitehead, 308 James St., Scattle, Wash.

Get a copy of the Constitution of the I. W. W. and the "Industrial Union Handbook." It explains all about how the I. W. W. is formed and regulated.

Two women in Spokane; Mrs. George Hoftman and Mrs. Henry Couroy, are asking people to sign an application for pardon for their husbands who are in the State Prison. The men broke into a grocery store to "steal" food for their hungry families. The Press says that their hope is to start life over again and wipe the "stain" from their families. The stain rests with the judge and the jurors who sent these noble men to jail. Any mun who would not steal before he lets his family hunger is a disgrace to human nature and a traitor to his vence. These men should have stolen the whole store and then they could have given half to the judge and kept the rest, and been respected church members.

The coal miners of district No. 18, United Mine Workers of America (A. F. of L.), have struck at Lethbridge, Bankhead, Maple Leaf, Passburg, Bhirmore, Hill Crest, Lille and Coleman. This may tie up some of the manufactures though the C. R. has coal to last several months. The operators recken on the fact that as summer is coming the demand; for coal will be less. The time to strike is when is commissing against for cont will be less. In a time to strike is when the companies are short of coal and the demand great—in Winter, for instance, and then the whole union everywhere should quit. How long could the country run with no coal? No danger of the militingling coal! It is too much like work.

It is no part of Industrial Union to attack men for their religious views. What we are figuring for is a better life in this world, but when we are held up to public scorn by a light of the church, we intend to ask questions. Nev. (Gunpowder) Bull believes in military action as against the L.W. W. Let it be some comfort to the namy kind and noble people of his church—and we speak honestly, whose checks crims a with shame when they think of Bull and then of Judas—that "the unworthiness of ministers hindereth not the effect of sacraments." (Articles of Religion.)

The grocers' employes if Chicago have struck. The freight handlers and tempsters may go out with them. This would involve about 35,000 more workers. The "Review" reports that the "addition of many new radical members, makes it hard for the leaders to hold the men in check." Good! The day is coming when the "peach makers" of the A. F. of L.—the fat, well-paid labor skites, will not be able to hold back the fighting spirit of the workers. They are following the example of France; then—goodbye, dear employer!

That two-faced, old honey, the Spokane Re-pnew (!), speaking one of the politicions who is after/the job of mayor, said that laboring men realize that the politician can not represent them are the contractors at the same time. We have been telling you for yearthat the working class has nothing in common with the employing class. The politicians are nothing but grafters, but the interesting thing is that even the calloused old Review let the cat out of the bad for once. No man can serve two masters.

Rev. Dr. C. Ross Baker, a Baptist sky-pilot of Spokane, let fail the following pearl on Sunday last. Baker probably got this out of the "Ladies" Home Journal." "Freedom," he says, "in its highest sense implies freedom from ignorance, sensuality and pam. To each of us there is the choice of bondage or freedom. "Yes, and we are free to hum or stall if we don't like the beauty in difficult which less the positive middle and in the child. free to bum or steal if we don't like the beastly conditions which keep the likes of Baker in a job!

Sam Gompers, the head sprag of the American Separation of or-President Taft's Union-said the other day, that if the laws do not safeguard the rights of the laborer, they should changed." Yes, and if they were changed the laborers would changed." Yes, and if they were changed, the laborers would be up against it just as bad as ever unique they had the power to enforce the law. If they had the power, organized force, then what need of the paper law!

Spokane Grows Famous For Gag Law

which it is sought to abridge those who was the air they breath they be the mandate of while try may to obey the mandate of their profit gradiang bosses? Are these few puny suchings of looped by the few Dirty politics they may get, that they will by in the face of an already disgusted public and fully aroused and partly class conscious army of tellers, who will not stand for heing robbed of what is almost as the air they breather, the right of free speech or the same right, and if not, in the name of these members of the I. W. W. not the same rights, and if not, in the name of pustice, why not? Oh. If these saivelling vassals could only see how they are working for their own undoing; how when this dirty work is done, and they find it of no avail, these same corporation grabbers and weakest of our fellows that the will be compelled to join the ranks of those who they are now trying their futnest to expid; therefore, be it

Resolved. That we extend to the I. W. W. of Spokane jour, heartiest sympathics and best which of their success, and they must succeed, for eventually right must prevail.

By order Local Belt Socialist Party of Montana.

C. J. CROFT.

Secretary.

Endorsed by L. I. 370, U. M. W. of A.

While as Socialists we do not attempt to district and tacties in the industrial field, we realize how easential to the political freedom and the social to the political field on the provent those who are struggling to the prevent those who are struggling to the provent hose in the prevent loop of the provent loop of the political freedom, more equitable conditions, and better opportunities from sampling the first purpose of all classes, and there prevent hose due to arbitration

BELT, MONT.

April 3, 1909.

April 4 priv a prevent members of the Industrial Workers of the World, and the authorities in your city and Socialist preas as to the ontice of our Local, through the Labor and Socialist preas as to the ontice of our Local, through the Labor and Socialist preas as to the ontice of our Local, through the Labor and Socialist preas as to the ontice of the outcome of the April 10 prevent incuspress of the World, and who, by violating constitutional rights, have becone the law the april 3 preas and incuspress of the working class, who, by maintain instance, it preas, and index of the outcome of the april 4 preasure and val

Workers of the World, in the city of Spo-kane, Wash., have been fined and sen-tenced to long terms of imprisonment for

exercising the right of free speech; and Whereas, The testimony upon which our Fellow Workers, in the city of Spokane, were fined and sentenced by Judge Mann, was given by disreputable characters, no doubt paid hirelings of the employment agents of Spokane; and employment agents of Spokane; and

Whereas, The members of the Industrial Workers of the World have not in any way disobeyed the law guaranteed by the constitution of the United States; and

Whereas, The verdict against our Fellow Workers in the city of Spokane was not in accord with the either the law or the evidence; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the members of Local 173, I. W. W., San Francisco, that we severely condemn the conviction and the sentence of our Fellow Workers and pledge to them our undivided support until their liberty is restored and the fight for Free wascab want and he it further. speech won; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this Resolu-tion be sent to Judge Mann of the court of the city of Spokane, Washington; and to our imprisoned Fellow Workers.

G. SEASTRAND, J. II. EIBERGER, O. BLESCIIKE. E. T. O'CONNELL, Reception Committee.

of the United States be upheld and we especially refer you to Article I, Amendment to the Constitution, which guarantees the right of free speech and peaceable assembly as well as the right to petition the Government for the redress of all wrighted grieyances.

And in view of the fact that the author ities in your city have seen life to violate the sacred rights so secured and have, in several instances, arrested, imprisoned, and excessively fined members of our labor organizations for no other "crime" than that of pursuing the liberties so granted; we, the members of this Local, demand that the further unjust persecutions cease, and that the innocent men still liberties liberties so informed in Walla, but on the day that I reached Secured. ities in your city have seen fit to violate the sacred rights so secured and have, in

ington, and should he fail, refuse, or neglect to right the wrongs complained of, we will petition the President of the United States for proper redress of the wrongs herein complained of.

Dated this 3rd day of April, A. D. 1909. TONNES MORTENSEN.

Fellow Worker W. Northrup of Indus-

NEAR NORTH YAKIMA

April 1.

Gentlemen: Whereas, It has come to the notice of our Local, through the Labor and Socialist press as to the official action of the local authorities in your city in arresting and incarcerating certain members of labor organizations for exercising the right of FREE SPEECH, a right guaranteed to every citizen by the United States Constitution;

Now, Therofer, we, the members of the Socialist Local of Tonopah, Nevada, emphatically demand that the Constitution of the United States be upheld and we especially refer you to Article I, Amendment to the Constitution which graves are relamation office. City from North Yakima. Nine miles t first camp from Nachez. J. FLOYD.

FROM FELLOW WORKER D. BURGESS.

Scattle, Wash., April 3. granted; we, the members of this Local, demand that the further unjust persecutions cease, and that the innocent menimprisoned by you be liberated that they may have and enjoy all the rights, privileges and immunities of the free-born American citizen.

Should this protest be by you and your counsel ignored, or should no action be taken by you in this matter, we will petition the Governor of the State of Wash, on the Governor of the State of Wash, ington, and should he fail, refuse, or negington, and should he fail, refuse the fail and the total that the dark the total hat you the day that I reached Seattled. I was so informed in walla, but on the day that I reached Seattle I learned that you wall hat on the day that I reached Seattle I learned that you wall hat on the day that I reached Seattle I learned that you wall hat on the day that I reached Seattle I learned that you wall hat on the day that

I. W. W. MAN SUES GREAT NORTHERN R. R.

Fellow Worker John Rowland of Industrial Union No. 434 is suing the Great Northern Ry. Co. for \$2,000.00 damages. Fellow Worker Rowland was injured by hey must succeed, for eventually right nust succeed, for eventually right a crisis, every union difference should be a crisis, every union difference should be dropped and the workers of every class for the world over should unite to protect their common interests.

Endorsed by L. L. 370, U. M. W. of A...

The worker w. Northrup of Industrial Union No. 95, Building Constructes having a rail thrown bu has injured by trial Union No. 95, Building Constructes having a rail thrown bu has injured by trial Union No. 95. There should be a recording the world over should unite to protect their common interests.

Granding Durham of the "Review" breaking growth of the I. W. W. during the coming year, judging from reports in the coming year, judging from reports in looks like Rowland was injured by trial Union No. 95. There should be a recording the Company not having a rail thrown bu has injured by trial Union No. 95. There should be a recording the command the worker of the world over should unite to protect their common interests.

We call attention to the fact that, in home to stand for, Workingman?

NEWS FROM FRANCE

The last number of the French Industrial Union paper, La. Voix dn Penple the Voice of the People), gives the facts about the big strike in France. That rotten rng, the Spokane Review, said that the strikers had insulted the girls who were at work in the telephone exchange. This is as near as Grandma Durham gets to the truth. The following are the facts: The police chief entered the hall and was hooted out. Resolutions were drawn up and the efficiency of the General Industrial Union of France promised all possible aid, from all points.

Postoffice on the Burn.

Postoffice on the Burn.

Postoffice on the Burn.

Postoffice on the Jurn.

Postoffice on the Jurn.

Postoffice on the Jurn.

Postoffice on the Jurn. postal telegraph and telephone were dissatisfied with the conditions in the servince. Things were bad enough already, and
then M. Simyan under Secretary of State
and manager of the postal and telegraph
and telephone lines of France made a
mew rule. This rule had to do with the
promotion of employes and was unjust
to them. Protests had been made, but to
so effect. This new rule of Simyan's
covered to them, but to
so effect. This new rule of Simyan's
covered to the service struck. This remains is still at large. Jo
meyer in the service of mail and
telephone lines of the service struck. This
mean is still at large. Jo
meyer in the strike extended to most of the big towns of France.
Business was practically paralyzed and
the government backed down; promised
to shelve Simyan and put back all the
strikers and in future "be good" generto them. Protests had been made, but to
so effect. This new rule of Simyan's
covered to the big towns of France.
Business was practically paralyzed and
the government backed down; promised
to shelve Simyan and put back all the
writing you a good notic
same.

Taken all around this is the greatest
spectricians of the service struck
This remain is still at large. Jo
were in business together.

FROM THE "WAGE
Business was practically paralyzed and
the government backed down; promised
to shelve Simyan and put back all the
writing you a good notic
issue.

A. II.

Falion "The Norman and put back all the
writing you a good notic
issue.

Editor "The Norman and put back all the
writing you a good notic
issue.

Falion "The Norman and put back all the
writing you a good notic
issue.

Falion "The Norman and put back all the
promotion of employees and was unjust
to shelve Simyan and put back all the
the best thing the back all the
promotion of employees and was unjust
to shelve Simyan and put back all the
the best thing the back all the
the best thing the back all the
to shelve Simyan and put back all the
the best thing the back all the
the best thing the back all the
the back all the strike e an effect. This new rule of Simyan's gave the high officials of the department power to change and cancel the "notes" or chearance eards of the employes. This was a case of playing favorites for relig-ions and political reasons.

The Union would not stand for that kind of work, and after a delegation had

been turned down by the minister of public works, a demonstration was made in front of the office of the secretary. Singan. The parade passed in front of the capitol where the French Chamber of Deputies, or Congress, was meeting and the police started to charge the parade Many arrests were made. The President Many arrests were made. The President of the Union asked the chief of police to fermans \$2,000.00 to fight the common furn the prisoners loose but this was of course refused. Then Singan with a bunch of police went to the Central Telegraph Exchange and pointed out the greich Exchange and pointed out the people whom he wished arrested.

bisses and hoots of derision on the part common cause with the Italians against of the workers. The police than charged and several people, including women, including women and taken to the hospital. This was not clough for Simyan and he cheer up! Election is coming and you then yelled out insulfs at the women and can elect your own boss. Ha, ha! tion yelled out insults at the women and ean elect your own boss. Ha, ha!

victory in the history of Industrial Union in France. It has welded the government employes closer to the General Confederation with the Wage-Slave."

FROM WM. LIEBRECHT, SECRETARY tion and marks the beginning of even more far-reaching measures of the French workers. About all the help the French officials had was the few soldiers who were forced to handle official mail, etc.

Not long ago there were a number of Italians employed on the Sprague stree "Passive" Strike.

The following day the employes of the ghard and there was bitter talk about how charal exchange went back to their phases and refused to touch their instru
Italians were nearly all fired and a steam.

Italians were nearly all fired and a steam. ments. Seeing that he could not make the work. Simyan and a bunch of police who work, Simyan and a bunch of police comfort the "white" men to know that the place who would not work. This was received by a storm of the work of derision on the part of the workers. The store of the steam shovel is an American—"made in Spokane." The time will come when even the Spokane home guard will make the store of the st

The drug stores should have a mark-thisters, etc." This from the head post-master general of Francel This decided the workers that Siniyan must go! The next day, seven of those arrested were call the working many days in jail. (In Spokane it is 30 to 90 days. We are young yet.)

After this there was a mass meeting in maybe! The drug stores should have a mark

LEAF BY LEAF. THE ROSES FALL!

S. L. Jones, formerly of the Empire Employment Office, which is now out of business, is in hard luck. Although he is a brother of Arthur D. Jones, the real estate The last number of the French Industrial Union paper, Last Voix dn Penple there were over 10,000 workers present, the Voice of the People), gives the facts about the big strike in France. That about the big strike in France. That the strikers had insulted the girls who were at work in the telephone exchange, were at work in the telephone exchange.

The following are the facts:

For many months, the employes of the postal telegraph and telephone were dissained with the conditions in the server piled up about \$2,000,000,000 of mail and was a gent, it don't seem to help him. Even a real estate agent can't afford to associate here were over 10,000 workers present. The police chief entered the hall and was hooted out. Resolutions were drawn up and the officers of the General Industrial Union of France promised all possible ment. Most any old thy joint will do now wamping for the "All Nations" employees the truth. The following are the facts:

Then the postal clerks and mail carriers, the telegraph and telephone and electricians of the service struck. This is a large. Jonesia and Kent piled up about \$2,000,000,00 of mail and we have an existing agent, it don't seem to help him. Even a real estate agent can't afford to associate angent can't afford to associate here were over 10,000 workers present. The police chief entered the hall and was hooted out. Resolutions were drawn up and the officers of the General Industrial Union of France promised all possible ment. Most any old thy joint will do now wamping for the "All Nations" employees the telegraph and telephone and exist a gent can't afford to associate agent can't afford to associate agent can't afford to associate agent can't afford to associate the police struck and the plones. A year ago Jones was able to eat at the Davenport Restaurant, but that was beadd the officers of the General Industrial Union of France promised all possible ment. Most any old thy joint will do now wamping for the "All Nations" employees the police of the Leven the call and the plones. agent, it don't seem to help him. Even a

FROM THE "WAGE-SLAVE."

Hancock, Mich., March 29 Fellow Workers: Vone paper is really the best thing I have seen in the labor movement yet. Hurrah! Go to it! I am writing you a good notice in my next issue.

A. H. STUTON,
Editor "The Wage-Slave."

Fellow Worker Wm. Liebrecht of Industrial Union No. 432, Scattle, sends in 10 subscriptions and says: "Kindly ac-

Scattle, April 2. I received buildle of Industrial Worker but they were delayed in the mail. Have also seen copy of second edition. They look good for a starter. Will push my best. We are insking good headway organizing loggers on Puget Sound. I sug-J. D. SMITH.

PROM MOYIE, B. C.

Enclose find \$2 for subscription to the Industrial Worker to T. E. Kelly and Steyn Conser. I like the paper all right. We have not enough such papers.

T. E. KELLY.

Steretary No. 71, W. F. of M.

FROM ARIZONA.

Fellow Worker G. W. Reese of Phoenix Arizona and it will look better soon.

The Preamble of the I. W. W.

The working class and the employing class have nothing in common. There can be no peace so long as hunger and want are found among millions of working people and the few, who make up the employing class, have all the good things of life.

Between these two classes a struggle must go on mitil the workers of the world organize as a class, take possession of the earth and the machinery of production, and abolish the wage system.

We find that the centering of the management of industries into fewer and fewer heads makes the trade minors mable to cope with the ever-growing power of the employing class. The trade minors foster a state of affairs which allows one set of workers to be pitted against mother set of workers in the same industry, thereby helping defeat one another in wage wars. Moreover, the trade unions aid the employing class to mislead the workers into the belief that the working class have interests in common with their employers.

These conditions can be changed and the interest of the working class upheld only by an organization formed in such a way that all its members in any one industry, or in all industries if necessary, cease work whenever a strike, or lockout is on in any department thereof, thus making an injury to one, an injury to all.

Instead of the conservative motto, "A fair day waves for a fair day's work," we must inscribe on our banner the revolutionary watchword, "Abolition of the wage system."

It is the historic mission or the working class to do away with capitalism. The army of production must be organized, not only for the every-day struggle with the capitalists, but also to early on production when capitalism shall have been overthrown. By organizing industrially we are forming the structure of the new society within the shell of the old.

Knowing, therefore, that such an organization is absolutely necessary for our emancipation we unite under the following constitution:

WANTS A BUNDLE EVERY WEEK. Seattle, April 3.

Enclosed find money order for bundle of 50 of Industrial Worker. This we can sell weekly and at meetings. THOMAS BROWN,

Secretary Organizing Committee,

FROM PORTLAND.

Portland, March 31. Enclosed fine write-up about Portland gest that a column of the paper be devoted to the lumber industry. yet, but his arm is healing.

ADOLPH REBNER.

FROM BURKE NO. 10, W. F. OF M. Burke, Idaho, April 3, 1909.

Fellow Worker and Bro.: Received dustrial Worker. Burke Miners, Union took action on the same. Enclosed you will find money order for one hundred copies a week for four weeks. Yours

1. A. REESE. Financial Secretary.

NEW YORK! BARGAIN HOUSE BUYS, SELLS AND EXCHANGES SECOND HAND GOODS

MAIN AVENUE **CLOTHING STORE**

FUIL LINE OF

Men's Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Shoes

AT RIGHT PRICES

Union Made Goods of All Kinds

THE RISING TIDE OF THE REVOLUTION

growth as elsewhere, but already have the results of the sublime one union been such as to encourage the workers, not only in France and elsewhere where the "Syndicalist" or Industrial. Union movement the revolutionary union—the I. W. W.—is fighting against the power of the employers and the ignorance of the workers. No longer is it enough to point out Industrial Union as a thing to be desired, but it has become a real and mighty power for good to the workers all over. growth as elsewhere, but already have the

The union in France has already record of having won eighty-five per cent of its many strikes and its growing power is a wonder and a dread to the master class. The old revolution of the eighteenth century acted as a firebraid to Europe.
Will not history repeat itself again, with
the added experience and training of the
workers which will enable them to escape
the pitfalls of former days?

the pitfalls of former days?

It is to be regretted that the official organ of our French Fellow Workers can not be read by all iof us, not an English edition.

Worker' will soon have a regular bulletin of the developments abroad and we hope to keep ourselves closer in touch with the movement elsewhere. True, the Industrial Union in foreign? lands might shock the patriotic and law-abiding—and down and out American workingmen, but it will be a stimulant to those who have not folded their hands and made their last prayer to Giant Despair. In the who have not officed the lands and have in their last prayer to Giant Deshair. In the meantime here is a characteristic interance of Gustave Herve whom the French Government would gludly freat as Haywood, Moyer and Bettibone would have been handled—but for what? Ah! the Prion!

Part of One of Herve's Speeches.

This is from a speech by Herve, made at the close of his "trial" before the jury at the close of his "trial" before the jury of La Scine. December, 1905. He was tried for his activity against militarism: "Butyon must permit us Workingmen, cral, you must permit us workingmen, manual and intellectual, to entertain entirely different sentiments toward your nations. The nation for you, is a kindly mother, for us, a step-mother, a shrew, who detests us. Patriotism is for you a sentiment natural and profitable; for us it is a fool's trup; for its, the world contains ment natural and profitable; for us it is a fool's trap; for us, the world contains but two nations: that of the favored few of fortune, and that of the dispossessed, whatever may be the language which they speak, whatever the land that gave then birth. Our compatriots are not the capitalists of this country, who would massacre us if they could as they massacred the fathers of the Commune; they are the class-conscions workingmen, the revolutionists, the socialists of all the earth, who are everywhere waging the same battle us we for the linanguaration of a new society. In common with them, we a new society. In common with them, we want but the opportunity, when in this. Europe where the railronds, the telegraph. Europe where the railronds, the telegraph, the penny newspaper, and the uniformity of the capitalist rule have annihilated distance and reduced life to a dead level, we shall establish the free European federation, the first step toward that grant federation of humanity in which the principalities of today will lose themselves, as the petty provinces of old lost the the England, the Germany of modern times.

Let the "respectable" also remember the words of Tennyson—and he was no wild-eved agitator

Milithe war drum beats no longer,
And the battle-flags are furled.
In the Parliament of Man—
The Federation of the world!
Let no one desnair! Events move rap-

idly in these days. It is for us to work, to strive, to fight through thick and thin. come good or come bad, and to remember "that our doubts are enemies, and make ns lose the good we oft might win by try-

Now, Fellow Worker, have you a card in the I. W. W.?

Phone Main 1727 Transient Trade Selicited THE LENOX HOTEL S. & E. KELLY, Propes Heatly Furnished Rooms, Single of Ra Suite by the Day, Wock or Month 206 Riverside Ave. SPOKANE, WASH.

NATIONAL CAFE FIRST CLASS MEALS :: QUICK SERVICE 405 Front Avenue

HAVANA HOTEL

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT Phone Main 6482

The FRISCO LOAN **OFFICE**

Gives the Best Bargains in

CLOTHES, SHOES AND GENTS' FUR-NISHINGS

Quick Sales and Small Profits

you get at the Frisco Loun Office

513 Front Avenue

J. Benedetti

Commelli & Benedetti 225 Washington St.

CIGARS, TUBACCO, CONFEC-TIONERY'AND NOTIONS Spokane, Wash.

Albert Hotel

FURNISHED ROOMS 50 CENTS AND UP

Cozy and Comfortable

Portland Restaurant

323 Main Ave.

The BEST PLACE IN SPOKANE For Workingmen to Eat

15 Cents and Up

MONTANA HOTEL

All Large, Airy Outside Rooms Neat and pleasant to stop

ALL I. W. W. W.'s WELCOME

228 Washington St.

Inland Clothing Co.

RIGHT CLOTHING

SHOES AND HATS

We Cut the Prices

NEW LUVERNE HOTEL ALL LARGE OUTSIDE ROOMS 25c and up. 14 and 16 Main Avenue MRS. MADDEN

Victor House

307 Main Avenue READING ROOM IN CONNECTION

WILBUR HOUSE FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS AND LODGING 25c and up.

RESSA BROS.

POOL PARLOR, CIGARS, TOBACCO Grocery Store in Connection 416 Front Avenue

National Laundry

BRING YOUR LAUNDRY TO THE NATIONAL LAUNRY

314 Stevens St.

Boyd's Restaurant

BEST 15-CENT FAMILY STYLE DINNER AND SUPPER

Short Orders at Breakfast and All Day Lone

Binnard Clothing Co.

Boss of the Road" Overalls for 60c a Pair.

Just across the street from I. W. W. Hall.

423 Front Avenue

ACKLEY HOUSE FURNISHED ROOMS

25c and 50c per night.

AIRY AND COMFORTABLE

2231/4 Main Avenue

HELENA CAFE

Home Cooking and Home Made Pies

NEW YORK CAFE

Good Clean Meals 10c and Up

QUICK SERVICE

Try Us, Workingmen! REAR OF MAIN BLOCK, FRONT AVE.

Michigan Hotel

Nice Clean Beds and Airy Rooms 25c and Up

422 Main Avenue

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

FURNISHED ROOMS

255 MAIN AVENUE

MRS. D. C. McFARLANE

Miedecke & Zintheo 🚃 JJI STEVENS ST. 🗈

Pool Parlors, Cigars and Tobacco

Stationery and Soft Drinks

SAME THING AT 227 HOWARD ST.

Everybody Welcome

BASEMENT IN CONNECTION

Cannon Ball Chop House

519 FRONT AVE

BIG MEAL 15 CENTS

D. & D. CLOTHING CO.

210 STEVENS ST. Right Goods at Right Prices. Give Us

SHOES, HATS and GENTS' **FURNISHINGS**

IDEAL RESTAURANT

If you want a good meal at reasonable prices

No. 311 HOWARD STREET LOWKRY BROS

MS BY THE BAY, WEEK OR MONTH Union Hotel

148 Rooms, New Building, Steam Heat, Newly Furnished

414 Front Ave. Rear Washington St.

SPOKANE, WASH.

S. ORLOFF

124 Washington St.

ice Cream, Confectionery,

Cigars, Tobacco

I. W. W. MEN WELCOME

Stevens Street Restaurant 502 Stevens Street

BEST 15c, MEAL IN THE CITY

OUR COFFEE CAN'T BE BEAT

New York Lodging House

216 1-2 Stevens Street

Clean, Medere Roems From 25c Up The Place for Workingmen

250 Outside Rooms

M. R. HOTEI

Rooms Per Day, 35c , 58e., 75c. Weekly Rates, \$1.75 and Up

235 Front Ave. Spokane, Wash.

Queen-Coffee House

We Feed More Workingmen Than Any Place in Town

OUR "COFFEE AND" IS KNOWN

337 FRONT AVENUE

The Chicago Coffee House -and Bakery-

316 Main Avenue unch. Everything Clean and Wholes

WANTED

FINCH'S COFFEE HOUSE

419 FRONT AVENUE

The S & S Clothing Co.

MEN'S OUTFITTERS Clothing, Hats, Shoes and Furnishings

339 FRONT AVENUE

WASHINGTON

O. K. LOAN OFFICE

220 N. Stevens Street

Big Line of Second CLOTHES AND SHOES Sent from New York and Chicago Luan Offices

UNREDEEMED WATCHES and REVOLVERS AT HALF PRICE

We Buy, Sell and Exchange

Ideal Lodging House

221 1-2 Heward Street